KEEPING IT CONFIDENTIAL IN CALIFORNIA

New Privacy Protections Under CHIA + Confidential Medical Release refresher

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ACA Implementation in California: Expanding Health Care Coverage

4.1 million newly insured

- 2.7 million Medi-Cal
- 1.4 million Covered California
 - 1,222,320 with subsidies
 - 161,762 young adults



ACA Implementation in California: Preventive Services

Services that must be provided without cost to patients include:

- Contraception
- STD screening
- Some cancer screenings
- Depression screening
- Domestic violence screening + counseling

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This is GREAT but...

Will individuals with health insurance under another person's plan

FEEL SAFE ENOUGH TO USE IT?



Current Laws to Protect Confidentiality

- HIPAA protects the confidentiality of health information held by covered providers and insurers.
- <u>California statutes</u> also protect the confidentiality of health information held by providers and insurers.
- Other laws and regulations may apply in addition to or in lieu of HIPAA and state medical confidentiality law.



Current Laws to Protect Confidentiality

General Rule under HIPAA and CA law:

Providers and insurers must protect the confidentiality of personal health information.

Usually, they must have a signed "authorization" in order to share protected health information.



More Privacy Protections Needed to Keep It Confidential

Exceptions in confidentiality law allow disclosure without patient knowledge:

- Reporting certain violence
- Child abuse reporting
- Sharing for health care operations
- Billing and payment processing



Unauthorized Disclosures of Confidential Health Info to Policyholders

Common insurance communications that can reveal patient information:

- Explanation of Benefits forms (EOBs)
- Denial of Claims notices
- Quality improvement surveys
- Requests for additional information
- Payment of claims notices



Lack of Confidentiality Protections Can Lead to Harm

- Patients forgo care for sensitive issues.
- Survivors of violence choose not to seek care when there is risk an abusive partner may find out.
- Patients with private insurance choose to enroll in public insurance plans to avoid privacy breaches.
- Etc...

Any Confidentiality Protections in HIPAA?

1. Right to Request Restricted Communications

- Must permit patients to request
- Insurers not required to accept requests

Right to <u>Confidential Communications</u> <u>Request</u>

- Receive communications by alternative means or at alternative locations)
- Must permit patients to request
- Must accommodate reasonable requests if the patient clearly states the disclosure could endanger the patient



New Confidentiality Protections in California Law Under SB 138/ CHIA

- SB 138 (Hernandez) the Confidential Health Information Act (CHIA)
- Passed and signed in 2013
- Took effect January 1, 2015

New Confidentiality Protections in California Law Under CHIA

- Requires compliance when Confidential Communication Requests are submitted in one of two circumstances:
 - 1) Individuals seek sensitive services
 - 2) Individuals believe disclosure could lead to harm or harassment

How Will it Work?

- 1. Patient submits confidential communication request to insurer verbally or in writing.
- Patient must provide an alternate address and/or preferred form of communication as part of CCR.
- Insurer has 7 or 14 days to implement.
- 4. CCR lasts until the patient sends in another one or tells the insurer that he/she wants to cancel it.
- 5. The CCR does not limit provider from talking to patient or patient's insurer.



Questions?

Examples of Frequently Asked Questions:

- How old does someone have to be to submit a CCR?
- What about co-pays? Who is responsible for paying those?
- What obligations does this put on providers of care?

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What's Been Done So Far?

- Stakeholder Roundtables
- Discussions with Health Plans
- Confidential Request Form
- Provider Training Materials
- Keep it Confidential Campaign Materials
- myhealthmyinfo.org

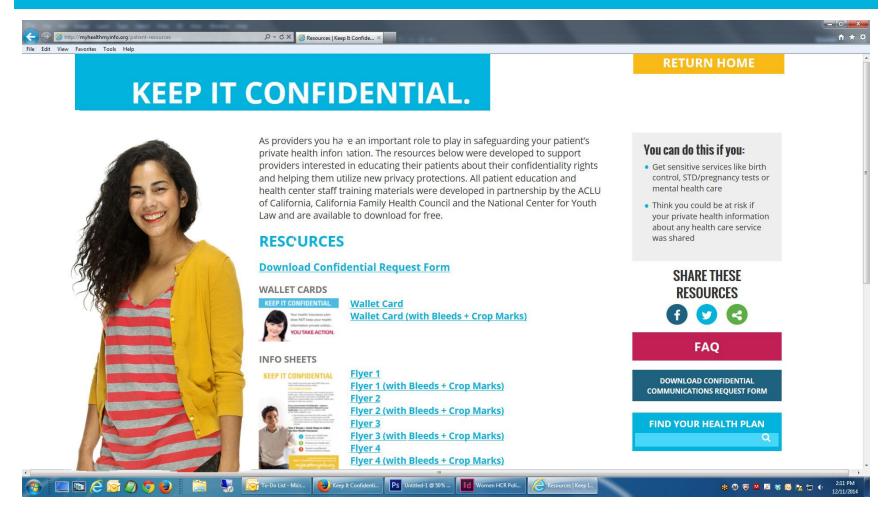


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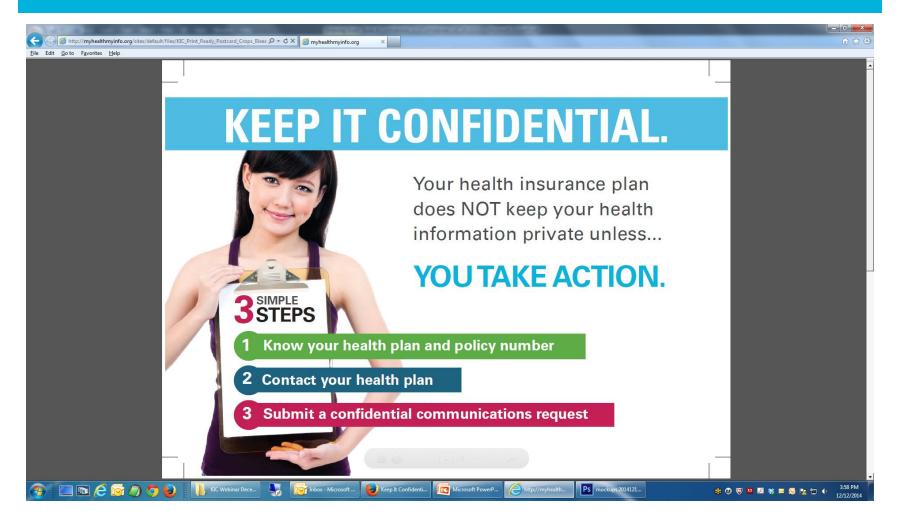


myhealthmyinfo.org Provider Resources

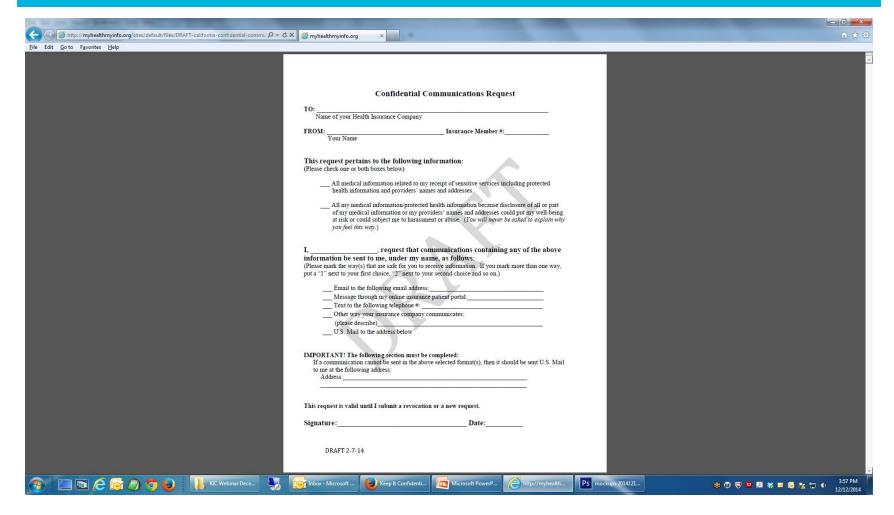




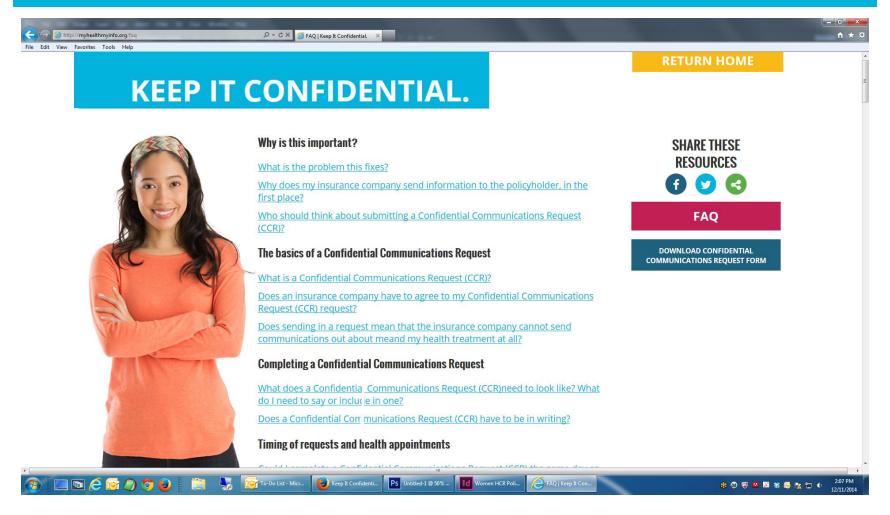
myhealthmyinfo.org Patient Education Materials



myhealthmyinfo.org (CCR form)



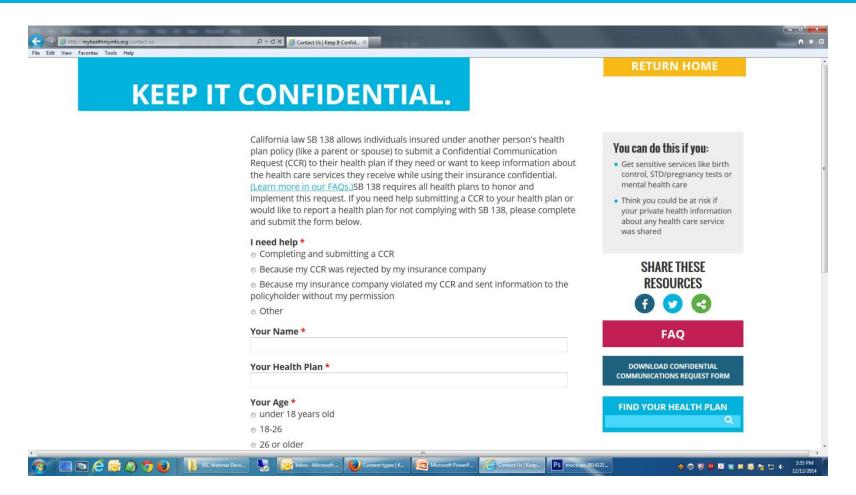
myhealthmyinfo.org (FAQ)



myhealthmyinfo.org Search for Health Plans



myhealthmyinfo.org Help



Implementation Progress

- Patient and provider resources:
 - myhealthmyinfo.org
- Tracking patients' CCRs
- Advocacy with insurance providers

- Young people 12 years of age or older have the right to leave school to seek confidential medical services. Sensitive services can include but are not limited to:
 - HIV or Sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing
 - Mental health or counseling services
 - Drug or alcohol treatment/ counseling
 - Abortion care
 - Obtaining birth control



- Students have the right to be excused without the consent or notification of parents/ guardians
- Students must be allowed to make up all assignments

- ACLU + NCYL campaign at school district level
 - Blatantly noncompliant districts
 - Changed ~ 25 noncompliant school districts, assisted numerous others
- Remaining issues:
 - Practical implementation (e.g. robocall systems)

- We want to hear from you!
 - Did anyone know about CMR rights in CA?
 - CMR violations
 - Can we be a resource?

Thank you!

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